W.P.No.30237 of 2018 and W.MP.No. 35289 of 2018

M.SATHYANARAYANAN, J., and N.SESHASAYEE, J.,

[Order of the Court was made by M.SATHYANARAYANAN, J.,]

Notice to the respondents through Court as well as privately returnable on 18.11.2018.

- 2. Mr.Jayaprakash Narayanan, Learned Government Pleader (incharge), accepts notice on behalf of 3rd respondent. Mr.Abdul Saleem, learned Standing Counsel accepts notice on behalf of 4th respondent.
- 3. The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner has invited the attention of this Court to the typed set of documents and would submit that the first respondent, vide notification dated 03/11/2009 in S.O.2804(E) had mandated that all new coal and lignite power Stations or expansion units commissioned after the said notification, achieved 100% fly ash from the date of commissioning, and the 5th respondent not only violated the said notification, but also, violated the schedule of utilization mentioned in Table-III of the said notification, which is a very serious offence and in violation of all pollution control norms and without adhering to the Corporate Social Responsibility, had indulged in

dumping the soil, especially fly ash in the Ennore Creek area, which will definitely lead to environmental health hazards and natural disaster and unless such a practise is prevented by way of an interim order, the damage caused on that account may be irrecoverable and prays for appropriate orders.

- 4. This Court has considered the submission made by the learned counsel for the petitioner and also perused the materials placed before it.
- 5. The first respondent had sent a communication dated 09.05.2018 in J-13015 /08/2018-IA.I(T), wherein it has taken into consideration the environmental clearance granted to the construction of 3X500 MW Vallur Thermal Power Plant and also the representations from the Coastal Resource Centre alleging that 14 hectares of mangroves area had been destroyed by the project proponent for construction of ashdyke leading to violation of CRZ notification, 2011 and also the project proponent has not achieved 100% fly ash utilization and therefore, the Additional Principal Chief Conservator of Forests (C) is directed to cause inspection and submit a report.

6. The Government of India, Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 34 had also caused inspection and filed a detailed monitoring report and its relevant extract the following observations:-

"12. Status of Construction:

a. Date of Commencement:

Unit I = June 2008; Unit II = Nov 2008; Unit III = May 2010

With respect to CRZ facilities, no details were made available regarding date of commencement and completion.

b. Date of Completion (actual and / or planned):

Unit I = 29/11/2012; Unit II = 25/08/2013; Unit III= 26/02/2015.

13. Reasons for the delay if the project is yet to start:

Lagoon 1 ash dyke construction was delayed due to mangroves issue.

- 14. Date of Site Visit:
- a. The dates on which the project was monitored by the Regional Office on previous occasions, if any: 28/12/2012
 - b. Date of site visit for this monitoring report: 23/05/2018

Clearance letter no. with Date	Facilities envisaged	Present Status	Consent To Operate renewal
J-13011/33/2006- IA.II(T) dated 18/04/2007	2X500 MW thermal power plant	Project has been implemented and the unit was under operation during the visit.	been obtained from TNPCB vide order
J-13011/62/2008- IA.II(T) dated 03/06/2009	1X500 MW thermal power plant		no.180824461264 dated 21/02/2018 which was expired on 31/03/2018. PP
11-22/2009-IA.III dated 14/07/2009	CRZ facilities (Seawater intake/outfall pipelines, bridge, conveyor and green belt development)		informed that application for CTO renewal has been submitted to TNPCB and the same is yet to be obtained.

S	Sl.No	Conditions	Compliance Status
	i. xiii.	The total land requirement shall not exceed 1184 acres for all the activities/facilities of the power project put together. Fly ash shall be collected in dry form and shall be used in a phased manner as per provisions of the notification on Fly Ash Utilization issued by the Ministry in September, 1999 and its amendment. By the end of 9th year full fly ash utilization should be ensured. Unutilized ash shall be disposed off in the ash pond in	Refer below. PP informed during the visit that only 1139.97 acres of land is in their possession. Breakup of the land demarcation as provided during the visit is given below. Main plant = 470 acres Ash dyke = 524.81 acres Creek Islands = 80.71 acres Salt Office = 1.65 acres Township = 45.00 acres Conveyor & pipe corridor = 17.80 acres As per the environmental clearance accorded 114 acres of land falls within CRZ and this has to be left undisturbed. However, physical demarcation of 114 acres of land falls within CRZ has not been done by M/s.NTECL at the site. Hence, compliance status regarding disturbance to the CRZ area if any could not be ascertained. In view of this, M/s.NTECL may carry out the physical demarcation of 114 acres of land falls within CRZ in consultation with the Competent Authority/Agencies
1			(Phase I)

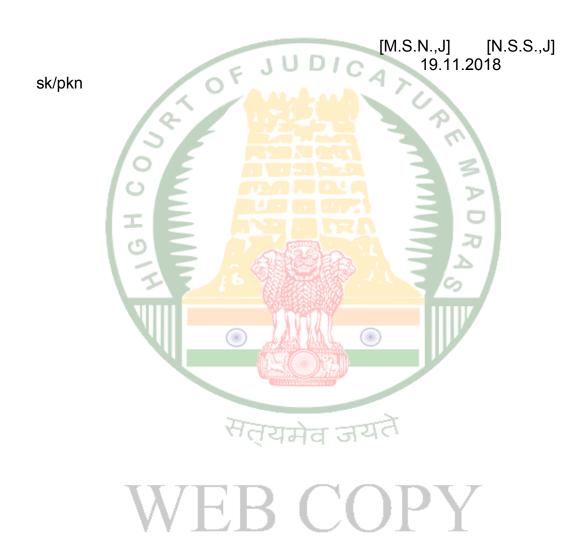
Sl.No Conditions		Compliance Status	
		Further, the percentage of fly ash utilization by M/s.NTECL is given below:	
		Year	Percentage of fly ash utilization
		2012-13	0
		2013-14	7.95%
		2014-15	8.80%
		2015-16	16.17%
	111	2016-17	42.76%
	OFJU	2017-18	64.97%
			om above that M/s.NTECL is
			with the stipulations specified
			notification dated 14.09.1999
			quent amendments. Further,
			sh is being disposed off in to hrough lean slurry method in
			Concentration Slurry disposal
	1 - 2	1 0	HDPE lining in the ash pond
		has not been pr	
xvi.	The treated effluents conforming		
AVI.	to the prescribed standards shall	WATER STREET	luent after conforming to the
	be discharged in the lagoons		is discharged in to the sea
	along with circulating water of		S lagoon. During the visit, it
	existing North Chennai TPS.		at there is lot of leakages in
	€ LAN	the sea wate	r intake pipeline and the
			nnected to the Central
	Vi. II		sin (CMB) effluent which is
	Continue Con	being dischar	rged outside the factory
		premises. PP	has been advised to take
	J. J		rective action to stop the
	<u> </u>		effluent outside the factory
		premises.	
			cords made available during
	WER	not exceeding	emperature of the effluent is 5 degree C above ambient ure of the receiving body.
xviii.	Greenbelt shall be developed all		
	around the plant area, other		11139.97 acres. PP informed
	utilities and ash pond covering at		ve planted about 16,480
	least 25% of the area.		d the plant and in township
	_		er, detail regarding area
		covered under	the green belt development
		has not been pr	
			luring the visit that plantation
I		work carried	out by PP is not at all
			nd need lot of improvement.

Sl.No	Conditions	Compliance Status	
		Action plan for the green belt development in a time bound manner covering 25% of the project area shall be prepared and submitted to the Regional Office of the MoEF&CC at Chennai."	

7. The above said monitoring report would *prima facie* indicate that the 5th respondent without adhering to the relevant norms, appears to have indulged in acts causing environmental degradation and also health hazards. It is also to be pointed out at this juncture that the consent granted by the 4th respondent had expired on 31.03.2018 and the application for CTO renewal has been submitted to the 4th respondent and it is yet to be acquired/obtained. Thus, a *prima facie* case has been made out for grant of interim order and in the absence of the same, the above said alleged act of the 5th respondent would definitely cause environmental degradation, pollution and health hazards and in that event, the people of that locality would also be affected and it may not be capable to set right at future point of time, which may result in irreparable loss and grave hardship and the balance of convenience as on today lies in favour of the petitioner.

8. Hence, there shall be an order of ad-interim injunction restraining the 5th respondent from dumping the soil or any other

material which would affect the marsh land, including the mangrove in S.No.1556 of Vallur Village, Thiruvallur District, Tamil Nadu till 18.12.2018. **Call on 18.12.2018.**



M.SATHYANARAYANAN, J., and N.SESHASAYEE, J.,

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19.11.2018